

State of New Jersey Department of Human Services Division of Medical Assistance & Health Services

NEWSLETTER

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January 2022

TO: Dentists, Federally Qualified Health Centers and Managed Care Organizations – For Action

SUBJECT: Updated Criteria for Orthodontic Services and HLD (NJ-Mod3)

EFFECTIVE: January 1, 2022

PURPOSE: To advise Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare dental providers and managed care organizations (MCO) of the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services (DMAHS) about updates affecting the provision of orthodontic services.

BACKGROUND: With the removal of CDT codes for interceptive orthodontic treatment of the primary dentition and interceptive orthodontic treatment of the transitional dentition on January 1, 2022, the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare program is providing updated information concerning orthodontic services for children. Services previously considered as interceptive treatment shall now be considered and reimbursed as limited orthodontic treatment. This Newsletter updates the information in DMAHS Newsletter Volume 29, No. 16. Additional revisions provide clarification on payments and treatments with loss of eligibility and required information in an explanation of denial.

In order to qualify for orthodontic services, medical necessity must be met by demonstrating one or more of the following pathologies:

- Severe functional difficulties;
- Developmental anomalies of facial bones and/or oral structures;
- Facial trauma resulting in severe functional difficulties and/or,
- Demonstration that long term psychological health requires orthodontic correction.

ACTION: Beginning January 1, 2022, the following policies apply to orthodontic services in the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare program. The provider and the MCO should work together to ensure the anticipated treatment completion date will occur prior to the loss of benefit eligibility due to age. The dental office must provide an "Informed Consent Form" which must be signed after the patient and parent or guardian are advised of the following:

- The age limit for orthodontic coverage;
- Expected length of treatment;
- Consequences of excessive breakage of appliance(s) and/or or other behavior that is not conducive to completing treatment in a timely manner; and,
- Their responsibilities should coverage be lost.

<u>Orthodontic Consultation (D9310)</u> – must include a visual examination and may also include a completed HLD (NJ-Mod3) Assessment Tool by the attending provider or a provider in the same group. This consultation does not require prior authorization, can be provided once a year and will be linked to the provider and not to the patient (which allows for a second opinion with a different provider).

<u>**Pre-orthodontic Treatment Visit (D8660)**</u> – includes the diagnostic workup, clinical evaluation, orthodontic treatment plan and completion of HLD (NJ-Mod3) assessment tool.

The HLD (NJ-Mod3) is only required for consideration of comprehensive orthodontic treatment. The HLD (NJ-Mod3) is completed by the dentist that will be rendering the orthodontic treatment.

The new HLD (NJ-Mod3) Assessment Tool and instructions begin on Page 9.

If the HLD (NJ-Mod3) Assessment Tool has an "X" and correctly documented clinical criteria found in sections1-6A and 15 of the assessment tool or a total score that is equal to or greater than 26, the pre-orthodontic treatment work-up can proceed. A total score of less than 26 points on the HLD (NJ-Mod3) Assessment Tool requires documentation of the extenuating circumstances, functional difficulties and/or medical anomaly be included in the submission.

- The visit does not require prior authorization and should occur with the expectation that the case will be completed prior to the client exceeding the age of eligibility for the benefit;
- This service can be provided once a year and will be linked to the provider and not to the patient;
- The orthodontic work-up includes the consultation; therefore, consultation will not be reimbursed separately.

Minor Treatment to Control Harmful Habits

Minor treatment can be used for the correction of oral habits in any dentition. Approval for treatment to control harmful habits when not part of a limited or comprehensive case will include appliances, removable or fixed, insertion, all adjustments, repairs, removal, retention and treatment visits to the provider of placement. Replacement of appliances due to loss or damage beyond repair is allowed once and thereafter requires prior authorization and can be considered with documentation of incident and documentation of medical necessity.

For prior authorization, a narrative of the clinical findings, treatment plan, estimated treatment time with prognosis and diagnostic photographs and/or models shall be submitted and maintained in the treatment records.

Upon completion of the case pre-treatment and post-treatment photographs must be submitted.

Orthodontic Treatment Services

Limited and comprehensive orthodontic services **must be prior authorized** and will be considered for the treatment of the primary dentition, permanent dentition or mixed dentition for treatment of the permanent teeth.

Prior authorization determinations shall be made and notice sent to the provider within ten (10) days of receipt of necessary information sufficient for a dental consultant to make an informed decision.

In cases where prior authorization is denied, the denial decision must be made by an orthodontist. The denial letter must contain a detailed explanation of the reason(s) for denial; indicate whether additional information is needed and the process for reconsideration. It must also include the name and contact information of the orthodontic consultant that reviewed and denied the treatment request which will allow the treating provider an opportunity to discuss the case.

An approved case must be started within six (6) months of receiving the approval.

Limited Orthodontic Treatment

Limited orthodontic treatment can be considered for treatment not involving the entire dentition and can be used for corrections in any dentition. Any therapeutic modality (to include palatal expansion) with a limited objective or scale of treatment may be utilized. The objective may be limited by: not involving the entire dentition; not attempting to address the full scope of the existing or developing orthodontic problem; mitigating an aspect of a greater malocclusion or a decision to defer or forego comprehensive treatment. Additionally, this may also include treatment for localized tooth movement, for redirection of ectopic eruptions, correction of dental crossbites or recovery of space in the primary, transitional or adult dentition for children.

For prior authorization, the following shall be submitted:

- Narrative of clinical findings, treatment plan and estimated treatment time;
- Diagnostic photographs;
- Diagnostic X-rays or digital films;
- Diagnostic study models or diagnostic digital study cast images; and,
- The referring primary care dentist must provide attestation that all needed preventive and dental treatment services have been completed. A copy **must** be submitted with the orthodontic treatment request.

In the Medicaid Fee for Service program, the billing date for the service is the date of insertion of the appliance.

When the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare beneficiary is enrolled in a managed care organization (MCO), the provider shall consult the MCO in which the beneficiary is enrolled for additional information regarding billing procedures.

The reimbursement for the service includes the appliance, insertion, all adjustments, repairs, removal, retention and treatment visits to the provider of placement. Therefore, the case shall be completed even if eligibility is terminated at no additional charge to the member. Replacement of retainers or removable appliances due to loss or damage beyond repair requires prior authorization and can be considered with documentation of medical necessity.

If it is determined that limited orthodontic treatment is part of a comprehensive treatment plan which will occur within less than 12 months, it will be considered part of the comprehensive case and will not be reimbursed separately. In this case, the prior authorization should be submitted for comprehensive orthodontic treatment with an attached treatment plan that indicates the limited treatment phase including the expected time frame for this and the expected initiation (month/year) of the comprehensive treatment.

Upon completion of the case pre-treatment and post-treatment photographs must be submitted.

Comprehensive Orthodontic Treatment

For prior authorization, the following shall be submitted:

- The completed HLD (NJ-Mod3) assessment tool for comprehensive orthodontic treatment;
- Narrative of clinical findings for dysfunction and dental diagnosis;
- The comprehensive orthodontic treatment plan and estimated treatment time;
- Attestation from the referring primary care dentist that all needed preventive and dental treatment services have been completed;
- Diagnostic study models or diagnostic digital study models;
- Diagnostic photographs (which may suffice in place of models;
- Diagnostic x-rays, digital x-rays or cephlometric film with tracing (when applicable); and,
- When applicable:
 - Medical diagnosis and surgical treatment plan
 - Detailed documentation of extenuating circumstances
 - Detailed documentation from a mental health professional as described in the managed care contract indicating the psychological or psychiatric diagnosis, treatment history and prognosis and an attestation stating and substantiating that orthodontic correction will result in a favorable prognosis of the mental/psychological condition.

Eligibility should be checked prior to each visit.

The Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare Fee-for-Service (FFS) program reimburses for periodic treatment visits (D8670) which are billed for the date of service. A maximum of 24 units of D8670 are allowed for each comprehensive orthodontic case, which is expected to last no longer than 36 months from the date of banding.

The reimbursement for comprehensive treatment is requested using the date the appliances are placed and billed as D8080. The date of each periodic visit (D8670) is billed separately on the date of service. Services reimbursed through these codes will include all appliances, their insertions, adjustments, repairs and removal as well as the retention phase of treatment to the provider of placement.

Initial retainer(s) are included with the service; however replacement of retainers or removable appliances due to loss or damage beyond repair is allowed once. If additional replacements are needed, the service requires prior authorization and can be considered with documentation of the incident and medical necessity.

Reimbursement for orthodontic services includes the placement **and removal** of all appliances and brackets; therefore should it become necessary to remove the bands following or due to loss of eligibility, non-compliance or elective discontinuation of treatment by the parent, guardian or patient the **appliance shall be removed with no additional reimbursement to the provider of placement because reimbursement for comprehensive orthodontics includes this service.** In cases where treatment is discontinued, a "Release from Treatment" letter must be provided by the dental office which documents the reason for discontinuing care and releases the dentist from the responsibility of completing the case. The release form must be reviewed and signed by the parent/guardian and patient, and a copy maintained in the patient's records.

Requesting Prior Authorization

Prior authorization for comprehensive orthodontic treatment will only be considered for the **late mixed and permanent dentitions**. Comprehensive orthodontic treatment will be considered at two points of care: the beginning of treatment through the mid-point and the continuation of treatment to completion. This will allow the consultant to evaluate the progress of treatment.

Beginning Treatment

- In addition to submission requirements already noted, the prior authorization form to request the beginning phase of treatment should be completed for procedure code D8080 and the treatment visits with a maximum number of units for treatment visits to be considered on any one prior authorization being twelve (12);
- The case start date is considered to be the banding date which <u>must</u> occur within six (6) months of approval;

• If the prior authorization expires before all approved units are used, a prior authorization may be submitted for the remaining units along with an explanation that includes the original prior authorization number and why treatment did not occur within the active time of the prior authorization.

Continuing treatment

- Prior authorization for the continuation of treatment visits for the continuation of the case shall be submitted after completing the first twelve (12) units of treatment visits or at the mid-point of treatment.
- The maximum number of additional treatment visits allowed to continue the case is twelve (12).
- If the prior authorization expires before all approved units were used, a prior authorization may be submitted for the remaining units along with an explanation that includes the original prior authorization number and why treatment did not occur within the active time of the prior authorization.
- The following shall be included with the prior authorization to continue treatment:
 - A copy of the treatment notes;
 - Documentation of any problems with compliance;
 - Attestation from the current primary care dentist that recall visits occurred and that all needed preventive and dental treatment services have been completed;
 - Pre-treatment and current treatment diagnostic photographs and/or diagnostic panoramic radiographs to show status and to demonstrate case progression;
 - A copy of the initial approval if the case was started under a different NJ FamilyCare Medicaid MCO or FFS program.

Prior Authorization for Orthodontic Services Transferred or Started Outside of the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare Program

For continuation of care for transfer cases whether they were or were not started by another Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare provider, a prior authorization must be submitted to request the remaining treatment visits to continue a case with a maximum of twelve (12) per prior authorization to be considered. The following must be submitted with the prior authorization:

- A copy of the initial orthodontic case approval (if applicable);
- Attestation from the referring or treating primary care dentist that preventive and dental treatment services have been completed;
- A copy of the orthodontic treatment notes from provider that started the case (if available);
- Recent diagnostic photographs and/or panoramic radiographs and if available pretreatment images;
- The date when active treatment was started;
- The expected number of months to complete the case along with the number of units for treatment visits with maximum number of 24 units allowed; and,
- If applicable a new treatment plan and documentation to support the treatment change if re-banding is planned.

A case in treatment cannot be denied if the patient is eligible for orthodontic coverage based on age.

Orthognathic Surgical Cases with Comprehensive Orthodontic Treatment

- The surgical consult, treatment plan and approval for surgical case must be included with the request for prior authorization of the orthodontic services;
- Prior authorization and documentation requirements are the same as those for comprehensive treatment and shall be submitted by the treating orthodontist;
- The parent/guardian and patient should understand that loss of eligibility at any time during treatment will result in the loss of all benefits and payment by the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare program.

Conclusion of Active Treatment

- Attestation of case completion must be submitted to document that active treatment had a favorable outcome and that the case is ready for retention.
- Procedure code D8680, orthodontic retention, shall be submitted for prior authorization along with recent panorex and photographs when the active phase of orthodontic treatment is completed.
- Once approved, the bands can be removed and the case placed in retention.
- If denied, a detailed explanation including what is required to end active treatment must be included with the name of the reviewing consultant.

Documentation for Completion of Comprehensive Cases – Final Records

After the appliances have been removed, the following **must** be submitted to document the completion of comprehensive cases:

- Final diagnostic photographs and/or panoramic radiograph;
- Final diagnostic study models or diagnostic digital study models must be taken and be available upon request.

If this is not received, reimbursement provided may be recovered until required documentation is submitted.

Behavior Not Conducive to Favorable Treatment Outcomes

It is the expectation that the case selection process for orthodontic treatment takes into consideration the patient's ability, over the course of treatment to:

- Tolerate the treatment;
- Keep multiple appointments over several years;
- Maintain an oral hygiene regimen; and,
- Be cooperative and complete all needed preventive and treatment visits.

If it is determined that treatment is not progressing because the patient is exhibiting noncompliant behavior which may include any of the following: multiple missed orthodontic or general dental appointments, continued poor oral hygiene, failure to maintain the appliances or untreated dental disease, discontinuation of treatment can be considered. A letter must be sent to the parent/guardian and/or patient that documents the factors of concern, the corrective actions needed and informs that failure to comply can result in the discontinuation of treatment with de-banding. A copy of this letter and the patient treatment records must be sent to The Bureau of Dental Services, PO Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625.

If the case is discontinued <u>for reasons other than the completion of treatment (D8695)</u>, the "Release from Treatment" letter should be signed by parent/guardian and/or patient. For members not enrolled in a NJ FamilyCare MCO, a copy of the signed form and the patient treatment records must be sent to the Bureau of Dental Services along with the request to remove the appliance for reasons other than case completion. For members enrolled in an MCO, a copy of the signed form and the patient treatment records must be sent to the NJ FamilyCare MCO of enrollment. **The reimbursement for appliance placement includes their removal**, however, prior authorization to allow reimbursement can be considered when removal is performed by a provider that did not start the case.

For questions regarding patients not enrolled in a NJ FamilyCare MCO, please contact the Bureau of Dental Services at 609-588-7136. If the patient is enrolled in a NJ FamilyCare MCO, please refer to the MCO's Provider Manual for guidance, or contact the MCO's Provider Service Unit for assistance.

Updated Instructions for Completing the New Jersey Orthodontic Evaluation HLD (NJ-Mod3) Index Form

The intent of the HLD (NJ-Mod3) Index is to measure the presence or absence and the degree of the handicap caused by the components to be scored with the index and NOT to diagnose Malocclusion. Presence of any of the conditions sections 1 through 6A and 15, or a score total equal to or greater than 26 (when scored correctly) qualifies for medical necessity exception. Total scores less than 26 with extenuating circumstances must include appropriate documentation.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- Only cases with late mixed and permanent dentition will be considered (see Pre-orthodontic Treatment Visit (D8660) for exception).
- A Boley Gauge or disposable ruler scaled in millimeters should be used;
- The patient's teeth are positioned in centric occlusion;
- All measurements are recorded and rounded off to the nearest millimeter (mm);
- For sections 1 to 6A and 15 an X is placed if the condition exists and **scoring is completed**, as needed;
- For sections 6B to 14, indicate the measurement or if a condition is absent, a 0 score is entered;
- **Diagnostic models are required** with the submission of prior authorization. Casts must be properly poured, adequately trimmed without voids or bubbles and marked for centric occlusion; or,
- **Diagnostic Digital models may be submitted** to show right and left lateral, frontal and posterior and maxillary and mandibular occlusal views;
- **Diagnostic quality photographs** to show facial, frontal and profile, intra-oral front, left and right side, maxillary and mandibular occlusal views (minimum of seven views). Photographs shall include views with a millimeter ruler in place to demonstrate measurement for the following condition(s) when present as found in sections 6A, 6B, 7, 8, 9 and 13.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM COMPLETION:

1. Cleft Palate Deformity – acceptable documentation must include at least one of the following: intraoral photographs of the palate, written consultation report by a qualified specialist or craniofacial panel. Score an X if present.

2. Cranio-facial Anomaly – acceptable documentation must include written report by qualified specialist or craniofacial panel and photographs. Score an X if present.

3. Impacted Permanent Anterior Teeth – demonstrate that anterior tooth or teeth (incisors and cuspids) is or are impacted (soft or hard tissue); not indicated for extraction and treatment planned to be brought into occlusion. Arch space available for correction. Score an X if present.

4. Crossbite of Individual Anterior teeth – Score an X if present. – demonstrate that anterior tooth or teeth (incisors and cuspids) is or are in crossbite resulting in occlusal trauma with excessive wear, significant mobility or soft tissue damage. A narrative to include the class of mobility for the involved teeth and photographs of all areas with soft tissue damage. Score X as noted. If these conditions do not exist, it is to be considered an ectopic eruption and scored in section 10.

5. Severe Traumatic Deviation – damage to skeletal and or soft tissue as a result of trauma or other gross pathology. Include written report and intraoral photographs. Score an X if present.

6A. Overjet greater than 9mm or mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) greater than 3.5 – Overjet is recorded with the patient's teeth in centric occlusion and is measured from the labial of the lower incisors to the labial of the corresponding upper central incisors. This measurement should record the greatest distance between any one upper central incisor and its corresponding lower central or lateral incisor. If the overjet is <u>greater</u> than 9mm or mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) is <u>greater</u> than 3.5mm, score an X if present.

6B. Overjet equal to or less than 9mm – Overjet is recorded as in condition in section 6A. The measurement is rounded to the nearest millimeter and entered on the score form.

7. Overbite – A pencil mark on the tooth indicating the extent of the overlap facilitates the measurement. It is measured and rounded off the nearest millimeter and entered on the score form.

8. Mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) equal to or less than 3.5 mm – Mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) is recorded as a condition and rounded to the nearest millimeter. Enter the score on the form and multiply the measurement by five (5).

9. Open Bite in millimeters – This condition is defined as the absence of occlusal contact in the anterior region. It is measured from the incisal edge of a maxillary central incisor to the incisal edge of a corresponding mandibular incisor, in millimeters. Enter the measurement on the score form and multiply the measurement by four (4). If measurement is not possible, measurement can usually be estimated.

10. Ectopic Eruption – Count each tooth, excluding third molars. Each qualifying tooth must be more than 50% blocked out of the arch. Enter the number of qualifying teeth on the score form and multiply by three (3). If anterior crowding (see condition 12) also exists in the same arch, score the condition that produces the most points. **DO NOT COUNT BOTH CONDITIONS**. The exception to this rule is: (a) posterior ectopic eruptions in the same arch (b) if ectopic eruption score is transferred due to anterior crossbite without trauma, excessive wear of mobility. In these two exceptions, count ectopic eruption PLUS the crowding.

11. Deep Impinging Overbite – This occurs when either destruction of soft tissue on palate, gingival recession and mobility and/or abrasion of teeth are present. Submit intraoral photographs of tissue damage/impingment. The presence of deep impinging overbite is indicated by a total score of three (3) on the score form.

12. Anterior Crowding – Arch length insufficiency must exceed 3.5 mm. Mild rotations are not to be scored as crowded. Score one (1) crowding per arch. Enter the total on score form and multiply the measurement by five (5). If ectopic eruption is scored in section 10 (not from crossbite in section 4) this crowding cannot be scored in addition. However if ectopic eruption is due to a transfer of score from section 4 to section 10, because crossbite did not result in damage, both ectopic and crowding can be counted.

13. Labio-Lingual Spread – A Boley Gauge (or disposable ruler) is used to determine the extent of deviation from a normal arch. Where there is only a protruded or lingually displaced anterior tooth, the measurement should be made from the incisal edge of that tooth to the normal arch line. Otherwise, the total distance between the most protruded anterior tooth and the most lingually displaced adjacent anterior tooth is measured. In the event that multiple anterior crowding of teeth is observed, all deviations from the normal arch should be measured for the labio-lingual spread, but only the most severe individual measurement should be entered on the score form.

14. Posterior Unilateral Crossbite – This condition involves two or more adjacent teeth, one of which must be a molar. The crossbite must be one in which the maxillary posterior teeth involved may either be both palatal or both completely buccal in relation to the mandibular posterior teeth. The presence of posterior unilateral crossbite is indicated by a total score of four (4) on the score form. THERE IS NO ADDITIONAL SCORE FOR BI-LATERAL CROSSBITE.

15. Psychological factors affecting child's development – This condition requires detailed documentation by a **mental health provider** as described in the Medicaid/NJ FamilyCare managed care contract that contains the psychological or psychiatric diagnosis, treatment history and prognosis. An attestation from the mental health provider must state and substantiate that orthodontic correction will result in a favorable prognosis of the mental/psychological condition.

RETAIN THIS NEWSLETTER FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

NJ Orthodontic Assessment Tool for Comprehensive Treatment HLD (NJ-Mod3)

**Attach attestation that all needed preventive and dental treatment was completed ** Date

Name:	NJFC ID #	_
DOB: _	Sex: M / F Class/Type of Case	

Name of Orthodontist:

The instructions for completing this form begin on page 9. Sections 1-6A and 15 automatically qualify. Score with an X when these conditions are present. Sections 6B-14 scores must total 26 or more, or when less than 26 must include documentation of medically necessity.

1. Cleft palate deformity (attach description from credentialed specialist) 2. Cranio-facial Anomaly (attach description from credentialed specialist) 3. Impacted permanent anteriors where extraction is not indicated Note the number of teeth	
3. Impacted permanent anteriors where extraction is not indicated Note the number of teeth	1.
Note the number of teeth	2.
soft tissue damage must be present and documented 5. Severe traumatic deviations 6A. Overjet greater than 9 mm with incompetent lips or reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm 6B. Overjet (mm) 7. Overbite (mm) 8. Mandibular protrusion (mm) x 5 9. Open bite (mm) x 4 10. Ectopic eruption or crossbite of individual anterior teeth without damage (# of teeth x 3) 11. Deep impinging overbite (intra-oral photos showing palatal soft tissue impingement/destruction, gingival recession or attrition of teeth are required) Score 3 points if present 12. Anterior crowding MX MD Total x 5 (score 1 per arch) 13. Labiolingual spread (mm)	3.
5. Severe traumatic deviations 6A. Overjet greater than 9 mm with incompetent lips or reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm 6B. Overjet (mm) 7. Overbite (mm) 8. Mandibular protrusion (mm) x 5 9. Open bite (mm) x 4 10. Ectopic eruption or crossbite of individual anterior teeth without damage (# of teeth x 3) 11. Deep impinging overbite (intra-oral photos showing palatal soft tissue impingement/destruction, gingival recession or attrition of teeth are required) Score 3 points if present 12. Anterior crowding MX MD Total x 5 (score 1 per arch) 13. Labiolingual spread (mm)	4.
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12. Anterior crowding MX MD Total x 5 (score 1 per arch) 13. Labiolingual spread (mm)	11.
13. Labiolingual spread (mm)	12.
	13.
14. Posterior unilateral crossbite (involving molar): Score 4 if present	14.
15. Psychological factors affecting development ("X" requires detailed documentation by mental health provider as described per contract of psychological/psychiatric diagnosis, prognosis and that orthodontic correction will improve mental/psychological condition.)	15.
TOTAL	

 \Box Documentation of extenuating circumstances attached for score total less than 26 (independent of conditions described in #s1-6A and 15).